

SECTION 013100 – ENVIRONMENT, SAFETY, AND HEALTH REQUIREMENTS

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SECTION 013100 – ENVIRONMENT, SAFETY, AND HEALTH REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 LABORATORY'S ES&H POLICY

- A. Fermi Research Alliance, LLC (FRA), holds safety and environmental protection to the highest importance. FRA's policy is to protect the environment and the safety and health of all persons, may they be facilities employees, subcontractor employees, scientific visitors, or visiting members of the public, from accident or injury while they are being managed by FRA.
- B. Nothing shall have a higher priority.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This section describes the requirements, responsibilities and expectations for the environment, safety and health (ES&H) aspects of the project.
- B. Safety, as used in this document, encompasses environment, safety, and health, including pollution prevention and waste minimization.
- C. The Subcontractor shall provide all labor, materials, equipment, services, occupational exposure monitoring, and supervision required to maintain work sites that meet the ES&H requirements of all applicable federal, state, local and SURF site specific permits. In addition, the Subcontractor shall protect the environment and the safety and health of its employees, the employees of its sub-subcontractors, sub-tier vendors, FRA's employees and the general public.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. The Subcontractor and sub-tiered contractors shall comply with the following referenced documents. The publications referenced herein, form a part of this Section and Subcontract documents.
 - 1. Fermilab ES&H Manual <http://eshq.fnal.gov/manuals/feshm/>
 - 2. 29 CFR 1904, Record Keeping Guidelines for Occupational Injuries and Illnesses
 - 3. 29 CFR, 1910, Occupational Safety and Health General Industry Standards
 - 4. 29 CFR 1926, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for Construction
 - 5. 40 CFR Protection of the Environment (USA EPA)
 - 6. 49 CFR Transportation
 - 7. South Dakota's Rules of the Division of Motor Services
 - 8. South Dakota's Department of Environment & Natural Resources Codified Laws & Rules
 - 9. DOE Order 442.1A, Department of Energy Employee Concerns Program
 - 10. DOE Standard 1212, 2012, Explosives Safety
 - 11. SURF Explosives Safety Requirements
 - 12. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) codes and standards
 - 13. NFPA 70E, Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace

14. American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) Codes and Standards:
 - a. ASME B30 Series, Crane Safety
 - b. ASME B31 Standards of Pressure Piping
 15. American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Standards:
 - a. ANSI A10, Construction Package
 - b. ANSI Z136.1 Safe Use of Lasers
- B. Additional information can be found at: <http://eshq.fnal.gov/worker-safety-health-for-subcontractors/>.
- C. The protective measures to be taken where this hazard is present shall be communicated to the Subcontractor through the FRA Construction Coordinator. FRA has an extensive level of expertise in management of ionizing radiation hazards that will be utilized to identify the work locations where such hazards are present and establish these protective measures.
- D. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced.
1. FRA General Terms and Conditions for Construction at SURF (06-18)
 2. 010010 General Requirements
 3. 013100 ES&H Requirements

1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. Competent Person: One who is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the surroundings or working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to employees, and who has authorization to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate the identified hazardous. Duties related to ES&H shall take precedence over other duties.
- B. Construction: The combination of erection, installation, assembly, demolition, or fabrication activities involved to create a new facility or to alter, add to, rehabilitate, dismantle, or remove an existing facility. It also includes the alteration and repair (including dredging, excavating, and painting) of buildings, structures, or other real property, as well as any construction, demolition, and excavation activities conducted as part of environmental restoration or remediation efforts.
- C. Construction Coordinator (or Task Manager): A FRA person responsible for ensuring the work being performed is in conformance to the subcontract technical requirements. The FRA Construction Coordinator is the primary point of contact with the Subcontractor. The term Construction Coordinator shall also mean Task Manager and therefore, interchangeable within the subcontract documents.
- D. Construction Manager: An individual or firm responsible to DOE or its contractor, Fermi Research Alliance, LLC, for the supervision and administration of a construction project to ensure the construction contractor's compliance with construction project requirements.
- E. Construction Management Office: An office comprising of a Construction (Project) Manager, Construction Coordinator, Procurement Administrator, and ES&H Safety Coordinator. This office is responsible for supervising and administrating the

construction project to ensure the construction subcontractor's compliance with technical specifications and ES&H requirements. An office member will serve as the primary liaison between the Subcontractor and FRA, and this office member is the designated Construction Coordinator.

- F. Construction Worksite: The area within the limits necessary to perform the work described in this Subcontract. Reference Section **010010** Site Location Article 1.4, Site Access and Hauling Article 1.12, & Parking and Staging Article 1.11.
- G. Design Coordinator: A FRA person who is assigned to the project and works with the Construction (Project) Manager and Construction Coordinator to assist in the technical coordination of the project.
- H. ES&H Coordinator: A FRA person responsible for ES&H guidance, periodic construction site visits, support for the FRA Construction Coordinator, and provide oversight of the Subcontractor's safety program. The ES&H Coordinator will review Hazard Analysis and training documentation for on-going work activities. Any deficiencies noted shall be brought to the attention of the FRA Construction Coordinator for follow up with the Subcontractor. The ES&H Coordinator has authority to stop work activities for imminent danger, fatality, or major environmental release, but does not have authority to direct changes in the work scope of the project or the Subcontractor's means and methods of construction.
- I. Fermi Research Alliance, LLC (FRA) – The entity that manages Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory (Fermilab and leased space) for the U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Science.
- J. Field Superintendent: One who is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the surroundings or working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to employees, and who has authorization to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate the identified hazardous. The superintendent's role is to run the day-to-day operations and control the short-term schedule. In addition, the superintendent includes important quality control and coordination responsibilities with sub tier contractor/vendors. FRA also requires the Subcontractor Field Superintendent to have completed an OSHA 30-hour construction safety course. Duties related to ES&H shall take precedence over other duties.
- K. Imminent Danger: A hazard which, if allowed to persist, is likely to cause an accident that will result in death, injury, property damage, or environmental impairment.
- L. Integrated Safety and Environment Management (ISEM): ISEM is defined as a system for performing work safely and in an environmentally responsible manner. The term "integrated" is used to indicate that the Environment, Safety and Health (ES&H) management systems are normal and natural elements of accomplishing work. The intent is to integrate the management of ES&H with the management of the other primary elements of construction: quality, scope, cost, and schedule. FRA subscribes to the philosophy of Integrated Safety and Environment Management (ISEM) by following the program outlined in this section. The ISEM core functions are implemented by robust daily work planning of construction activities. The ISEM core functions include 1) define the scope of work, 2) identify and analyze the

hazards, 3) develop and implement hazard controls, 4) perform work with controls, and 5) provide feedback for continuous improvement. FRA also requires this of subcontractors and sub-tier subcontractors.

- M. Procurement Administrator: A FRA person responsible for and specifically assigned to the project, who is responsible for negotiating and administering the subcontract terms and conditions. All modifications to the subcontract shall come from the Procurement Administrator or designee, in writing. The Procurement Administrator or designee is the sole entity that can modify the subcontract or initiate change orders.
- N. Project Manager: A FRA person responsible for managing, phasing, and ensuring the project is meeting key milestones.
- O. Qualified Person: One who, by possession of a recognized degree, certification, or professional standing, or who by extensive knowledge, training, and experience, has successfully demonstrated his or her ability to solve or resolve problems relating to the subject matter, the work, or the project.
- P. South Dakota Science and Technology Authority (SDSTA): The entity that manages the Sanford Underground Research Facility.
- Q. Sanford Underground Research Facility (SURF): Underground research facility, located in Lead, South Dakota.
- R. Subcontractor's Safety Officer/Representative: If required by Section **010010**, Article 1.9, Paragraph A, the Subcontractor's Safety Representative shall have completed the OSHA 30-hour construction safety course and have a minimum of 10 years of construction safety experience consistent with the type of activities included in the scope of work.
- S. Subcontractor's ES&H Program: Subcontractor's (corporate) company policies and procedures to ensure operations comply with applicable safety and occupational health laws and regulations and protect the safety and health of employees and members of the public.
- T. Stop-Work Order: A definitive statement made openly to another individual that an imminent danger situation exists and therefore, all related work must stop immediately.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals with Subcontractor's proposal:
 - 1. Experience Modification Rating (EMR) Rates and Occupational Safety Health Administration (OSHA) 300 log for last three years. Reference the Fermilab Subcontractor Safety Information Questionnaire;
 - 2. Subcontractor's ES&H Program (if required by Article 1.9); and
 - 3. If required by Section **010010**, Resume' of the Subcontractor's Safety Representative.

- B. ES&H Submittals Required Prior to Notice to Proceed but not limited to. Within ten (10) business days after subcontract award, the Subcontractor shall submit the following to FRA for acceptance. These items must be submitted and accepted by FRA prior issuance of Notice-To-Proceed (NTP):
 - 1. Hazard Analysis (if NTP is waived, a project Hazard Analysis is still required prior to commencement of work). The initial hazard analysis, at a minimum, should be for visitor's access to the work site and mobilization. Depending on the scale and scope of the project, a more detailed hazard analysis may be required;
- C. Submittals after Notice to Proceed include, if applicable:
 - 1. Individual Trade, Craft, or Task Specific Hazard Analysis
 - 2. Global Harmonizing System, Safety Data Sheets (SDS)
 - 3. Tabulation of On-site Work Hours on a Weekly basis as part of Weekly Progress Meetings
 - 4. Incident Investigation Reports
 - 5. Lift Plans
 - 6. Welding Plans
 - 7. Environmental, Erosion Control Reports; and
 - 8. Excavation Plans, etc.

1.6 STOP WORK AUTHORITY

- A. If unsafe behavior or potential environmental release is observed, any FRA, SDSTA, or subcontractor worker shall stop the task activity, inform the Construction Coordinator and Subcontractor's Field Superintendent.
- B. If the hazard cannot be abated in a timely manner, the work activity shall be stopped through the use of a Stop Work Order by the FRA Construction Coordinator and the FRA Procurement Administrator.
- C. Work shall not be permitted to continue until the hazardous situation has been eliminated and FRA has issued a Restart Work Order.
- D. The Subcontractor is solely responsible for safe working methods, Subcontractor shall ensure that Subcontractor's employees, sub tier subcontractor employees, FRA or SDSTA workers and other personnel or visitors are not exposed to safety hazards inside their designated work sites.

1.7 ENFORCEMENT

- A. The State of South Dakota Bureau of Administration, Office of Risk Management has the authority to shut-down the site in response to a significant incident.

1.8 SUBCONTRACTOR'S ENVIRONMENT, SAFETY, AND HEALTH PROGRAM

- A. On all subcontracts that require performance bonding, the Subcontractor shall have an ES&H Program that is commensurate with the complexity and nature of the work. This ES&H Program will describe the Subcontractor's overall commitment to safety and measures that will be taken specific to this project work scope and site. The following describes the ES&H Program requirements.

1. The Subcontractor shall submit to FRA one (1) printed copy and one (1) electronic copy in Adobe portable document format (PDF);
2. The ES&H Program will address the Subcontractor's commitment to each of the following Integrated Safety and Environment Management (ISEM) principals. A brief explanation and key elements to be addressed follows each:
 - a. Line Management Responsibility for Safety: Line management shall be responsible and accountable for the protection of the employees, the public, and the environment. Examples of expected items to support this statement are:
 - 1) Statement of ES&H policy and goals;
 - 2) Workforce accountability for strict compliance with subcontractor's ES&H program;
 - 3) Policy statement concerning substance abuse on the construction worksite;
 - 4) Process for progressive discipline;
 - 5) Means of holding sub-tier contractors accountable for compliance with ES&H requirements;
 - 6) Evidence of worker participation;
 - 7) Participation of management in safety meetings, inspection, and documentation;
 - 8) Process for employees to identify and help resolve ES&H issues quickly, including stop work authority; and
 - 9) Management support without hint of retribution or harassment.
 - 10) On-going status and compliance verification reporting to FRA.
 - b. Clear Roles and Responsibilities: The roles and responsibilities, and authority at all levels of the organization, including potential sub-tier subcontractors are clearly identified. Examples of expected items to support this statement are:
 - 1) ES&H and Quality Control (QC) responsibilities for principals, field superintendent, foremen, competent person, ES&H officer, and workforce are documented; and
 - 2) Stop work authority.
 - c. Competence Commensurate with Responsibility: Personnel possess the experience, knowledge, skills, and abilities that are necessary to discharge their responsibilities. Examples of expected items to support this statement are:
 - 1) Identification of required training and experience of field superintendent, foremen, competent person, ES&H personnel, and workforce;
 - 2) Identification of process for documenting completion of training;
 - 3) Process for assuring sub-tier contractors are adequately skilled to perform their work activities; and
 - 4) Training for employees and sub-tiers employees on Integrated Safety Management and hazard analysis.
 - d. Balanced Priorities: Resources are effectively allocated to address safety, programmatic, and operational considerations. Protecting the public, the workers, and the environment shall be a priority whenever

activities are planned and performed. Examples of expected items to support this statement are:

- 1) Management commitment of resources to adequately implement their ES&H program;
 - 2) Selection process for sub-tier contractors that include cost, quality, schedule adherence, and safety performance; and
 - 3) Process for the Subcontractor to authorize start of work by sub-tier contractors.
- e. Identification of Safety Standards and Requirements: Before work commences, the associated hazards are evaluated and an agreed upon set of safety standards and requirements are established which will provide adequate assurance that the public, the workers, and the environment are protected from adverse consequences. Examples of expected items to support this statement are:
- 1) Subcontractor ES&H Program, by reference;
 - 2) Subcontractor QC Program, by reference; and
 - 3) Hazard analysis process which includes defining scope of work, analysis of hazards, identification of hazard controls, requirement to perform work within these controls, and means to provide feedback and improvement.
- f. Hazard Controls Tailored to Work Being Performed: Administrative and engineering controls, tailored to the work being performed, are present to prevent and mitigate hazards. Examples of expected items to support this statement are:
- 1) Hazard analysis process;
 - 2) Subcontractor ES&H Program, by reference;
 - 3) Planning and selection of appropriate and effective protective measures;
 - 4) Active regimen of workplace inspections and prompt abatement of identified hazards; and
 - 5) Occupational exposure (industrial hygiene) monitoring to verify adequacy of controls and compliance with occupational exposure limits;
 - 6) Inspections, assessment, and audits of sub-tier contractor's adherence to ES&H and QC program;
 - 7) Daily work planning and hazard reviews at the worker level documented in form found in Attachment B.
- g. Operations Authorization: The conditions and requirements to be satisfied for operations to be initiated and conducted are clearly established and understood by all. Examples of expected items to support this statement are:
- 1) Process to assure workers are informed of hazards and required protective measures before work is allowed to begin;
 - 2) Process to assure workers, including sub-tier contractors are appropriately trained to do their job safely;
 - 3) Process to assure that when an incident occurs, the scene is secured until the incident investigation is complete; and
 - 4) Investigation process includes analysis, examination of trends and lessons learned, and a means to report to FRA in a timely manner.

- 5) Process to assure that applicable permits are in place prior to allowing work to commence.
- B. The ES&H Program should describe the following:
1. Basic Safety and Health Provisions including Emergency Action/Response Plan, Accident Investigation Program, Recording and Reporting of Injuries, Housekeeping, Hazard Communication Plan, Personal Protective Equipment and Fire Protection and Prevention.
 2. Hazard Analysis Process including how hazards are identified and analyzed, preventive controls and the periodic inspection program. How workers are informed of hazards and protective actions. How objective evidence, i.e., monitoring results, is to be used for establishing controls measure, including exposures assessments to verify adequacy of control, e.g., verifying adequacy of hearing protection while monitoring equipment noise that is expected to be greater than 85dba exposure.
 3. Waste Handling and Disposal including characterization of waste, packaging and labeling requirements and assurance that appropriate transportation and handling facilities will be used;
 4. Erosion Control and Environmental Protection including Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) when required and Erosion/Sediment Control Plan(s);
 5. Other Program components (as dictated by the scope of this work) including the following:
 - a. Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout);
 - b. Confined Space;
 - c. Concrete Cutting;
 - d. Hearing Conservation;
 - e. Ionizing Radiation;
 - f. Nonionizing Radiation;
 - g. Lead, Beryllium, or Other Metals;
 - h. Electrical (including Power Transmission and Distribution);
 - i. Welding and Cutting;
 - j. Scaffolds;
 - k. Fall Protection;
 - l. Excavations;
 - m. Signs, Signals, And, Barricades;
 - n. Tools - Hand and Power;
 - o. Ladders & Stairways;
 - p. Commercial Diving Operations;
 - q. Motor Vehicles, Mechanized Equipment, and Marine Operations;
 - r. Cranes, Derricks, Hoists, Elevators, and Conveyors;
 - s. Concrete and Masonry Construction;
 - t. Steel Erection;
 - u. Underground Construction, Caissons, Cofferdams, & Compressed Air
 - v. Demolition; and
 - w. Blasting and the Use of Explosives
- C. Changes and Updates: The ES&H Program is a living program. Updates that reflect changes to processes and program shall be submitted as changes are made. FRA may require changes for the program acceptance prior to Subcontract award. Once

accepted by FRA, the Subcontractor shall be required to comply with the requirements set forth in their program.

1.9 JOB SITE ORIENTATION

- A. The Subcontractor shall ensure and demonstrate; through a documented job site orientation program that sub-tier subcontractor personnel are aware of the ES&H requirements of the job.
- B. The Sub-tier subcontractors working for the Subcontractor shall follow and perform all required ES&H programs defined by the Subcontractor's approved and accepted ES&H program for the job site.

1.10 HAZARD ANALYSIS

- A. The hazard analysis document details the specific hazards associated with the work activities and mitigating actions (including personal protective equipment) that the Subcontractor and Sub-tier subcontractors will take to reduce or eliminate the risk of injury.
- B. The initial hazard analysis shall be submitted and accepted by FRA prior to notice to proceed (NTP).
- C. As the project progresses, task specific hazard analysis shall be prepared and submitted. The Subcontractor shall prepare a hazard analysis for all trade work. A link to the hazard analysis can be found at <http://eshq.fnal.gov/worker-safety-health-for-subcontractors/>. The format shall be used unless otherwise approved, see attachment D.
- D. The following criteria shall be addressed, if applicable, when developing the hazard analysis:
 - 1. A FRA accepted hazard analysis shall be required for all work activities;
 - 2. All subcontractor and sub tier subcontractor employees are required to sign the analyses affecting their work thereby acknowledging understanding of the hazards and the mitigation activities. The signature list shall be available for review by the FRA Construction Management Office. As the HA is updated, the subcontractor and sub-tier subcontractor employees shall be advised of the new information and re-sign the document;
 - 3. Prior to the start of subsequent new work activities, the Subcontractor shall review and revise the hazard analysis, or develop a new hazard analysis, as necessary to incorporate new hazards. Each revision must be submitted and accepted by FRA before the associated element of work is begun;
 - 4. Safety Data Sheet (SDS) of products that may significantly impact the safety or environment of the site or subcontractor personnel are to be submitted as part of the hazard analysis process;
 - 5. The name of Competent Persons shall be included on the hazard analysis and communicated to all affected workforces;
 - 6. Specific procedures in the areas of fall protection, excavation, confined space, hoisting and rigging, and Lockout/Tagout may be required as job conditions dictate; and

7. Identifying silica exposure such as cutting masonry products, installing, cutting, or removing concrete, installation of or removal of sheet rock compound or dealing with other silica constraining products.
- E. The FRA Construction Management Office will provide informal hazard analysis training for Subcontractor and sub-tier contractor personnel upon request.

1.11 EXISTING UTILITIES, EQUIPMENT, AND STRUCTURES

- A. Utility Identification and Location:
1. Structures and utilities shown on the drawings represent the best information available. Their number and exact locations are not guaranteed. Excavation during construction may reveal the presence of underground drainage tiles, culverts, utilities, and other obstructions. The Subcontractor shall request from FRA direction for rerouting, sealing or otherwise modifying underground obstructions not shown on the drawings.
 2. The Subcontractor shall preserve and protect all structures, equipment, and vegetation (such as trees, shrubs, and grass) on or adjacent to the work site, which are not to be removed and which do not unreasonably interfere with the work required under this subcontract. The Subcontractor shall only remove trees when specifically authorized to do so and shall avoid damaging vegetation that will remain in place. If any limbs or branches of trees are broken during subcontract performance, or by the careless operation of equipment, or by workmen, the Subcontractor shall trim those limbs or branches with a clean cut and paint the cut with a tree-pruning compound as directed by FRA.
 3. The Subcontractor shall protect from damage all existing infrastructure (1) at or near the work site and (2) on adjacent property of a third party, the locations of which are made known to or should be known by the Subcontractor. The Subcontractor shall repair any damage to those facilities, including those that are the property of a third party, resulting from failure to comply with the requirements of this subcontract or failure to exercise reasonable care in performing the work. If the Subcontractor fails or refuses to repair the damage promptly, FRA may have the necessary work performed and charge the cost to the Subcontractor.
 4. Utilities in the area of the excavation, must be de-energized/de-pressured and lock-out/tagged-out, in accordance with SURF Excavation Permit requirements. If the services cannot be de-energized/de-pressured, then vacuum excavation methods, consisting of air or water to break up the soil and a vacuum device to collect the spoil, shall be used to locate fiber optic cables, electrical cables, duct banks, and gas lines prior to the excavation activity.
- B. Work on Existing Utilities:
1. The Subcontractor will identify through drawings, notations and field locates, the approximate location of known utilities and sub-surface structures and obtain locates through South Dakota One Call system. For underground construction conforming to 1926.800, contact the FRA Construction Coordinator for determination of utility locate requirements;

2. No work shall be performed on existing in-service utility systems without prior approval and coordination of the system outage by the FRA Construction Coordinator;
 3. Pressure shall be relieved on all piping systems before opening system and starting the work;
 4. Lockout/Tagout shall be used by the Subcontractor for all valves, blank-offs and relief lines;
 5. "Hot Tap" connections on utility services shall not be permitted unless specified by the subcontract documents and specific procedures have been submitted to and accepted by FRA.
 6. Existing fire and life safety systems shall be re-activated at the end of each business work day. If systems are unable to be re-activated at the end of the business work day, notification must be made to the FRA Construction Coordinator.
- C. Record of Installed Underground Utilities:
1. The Subcontractor shall provide "As-Conditions" record drawings of installed underground utilities to FRA Construction Coordinator.

1.12 ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES AFFECTING THE WORK

- A. Environmental issues affecting the work planning specific to this project can be found in Section **010010** Article 1.9.
- B. Soil Erosion and Sediment Control shall be employed on all projects involving excavations. The following requirements apply:
1. Subcontractor shall have all required erosion control devices required by the Soil Erosion Sediment Control Plan (SESCP) or SWPPP (if required) and as shown on the drawings, in place prior to commencing any work for which they are required.
 - a. As the work evolves, additional interim control structures may be required in order to protect waterways and/or comply with permit terms and conditions.
 - b. Costs for installation and maintenance of these structures shall be considered incidental to the project and included in the original proposal.
 - c. The Subcontractor shall install all such structures within 24 hours of notification by FRA.
 2. Maintenance of Erosion Control Structures:
 - a. Subcontractor shall be required to perform inspections of all control structures as specified in the drawings and SWPPP, and to maintain all control devices until final stabilization of all disturbed areas.
 - b. Subcontractor shall perform at a minimum, weekly erosion control inspections and after ½-inch or more precipitation events.
 3. Temporary and Permanent Seeding and Stabilization
 - a. The Subcontractor shall be required to follow seeding dates and requirements as specified elsewhere.
 - b. The Subcontractor shall be responsible for providing appropriately vegetated surfaces as outlined in the technical specifications or specified on the drawings.

- c. The Subcontractor shall be responsible for establishing sufficient final vegetation required for stabilization as accepted by FRA to removing the erosion control structures. Any permanent seeding operations completed at the end of the growing season shall be carried out per dormant seeding requirements (South Dakota's General Permit to Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activities). Subcontractor shall be responsible for establishing final vegetation over all disturbed areas.

1.13 ADVANCE NOTICE OF WORK ACTIVITIES

- A. The following activities require the Subcontractor to provide written notification to the FRA Construction Coordinator a minimum of three (3) business days prior to the commencement of work:
 1. Interruption of road traffic;
 2. Closure of any roads;
 3. Connection to or interruption of any existing underground utility;
 4. Intended use from any water from hydrant;
 5. Connection to temporary electric power sources;
 6. Request for disablement of fire alarms or related safety devices;
 7. Request for disablement of fire protection systems;
 8. Intended activity beyond the specified construction limits;
 9. Intended access to or work within a confined space;
 10. Connection to or interruption of any existing power system;
 11. Saw cutting or core drilling at manholes, foundations and paved areas;
 12. Excavation activities;
 13. Backfilling of underground utilities;
 14. Delivery of a radioactive source on the SURF site.
- B. Subcontractor must receive FRA's approval prior to proceeding on the above listed work activities.

1.14 SUBCONTRACTOR'S PROJECT TEAM & PERSONNEL

- A. Field Superintendent - The Subcontractor shall, at all times during the progress of the work, provide a competent superintendent. In addition, the following requirements for the Field Superintendent are described below:
 1. The Subcontractor shall provide a competent Field Superintendent, who is the Subcontractor's representative designated for the duration of the project to the running of the day-to-day operations of the work including safety, quality control and sub-tier subcontractor coordination responsibilities.
 2. The Field Superintendent shall have knowledge and experience of Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and other related safety standards and has the authority to enforce such standards in the field.
 3. The Field Superintendent must be present on the project site whenever work activities are ongoing.
 4. In the absence of the designated Field Superintendent, the Subcontractor shall identify an alternate individual with similar qualifications acceptable to FRA.

5. Should more than one work shift be required on this project, the Subcontractor shall identify and assign a designated individual meeting the above requirements for each work shift.
 6. In the event excavations are part of the project scope, the Subcontractor shall provide a competent person for excavation activities who meets the requirements of OSHA 29 CFR 1926.650 (b).
 7. In the event scaffolding is to be utilized during the execution of the project, the Subcontractor shall provide a competent person for scaffolding who meets the requirements of OSHA 29 CFR 1926.450 (b).
- B. Subcontractor's Safety Representative - If a Subcontractor's Safety Representative is required, the Subcontractor shall employ a Safety Representative who acts as the authorized agent of the Subcontractor, responsible for safety activities of all work sites under this subcontract. Reference Section **010010**.
- C. The Subcontractor's Field Superintendent or if required by Section **010010** the Subcontractor's Safety Representative shall interface with the FRA Construction Coordinator and FRA ESH Coordinator on all safety matters, and assure the subcontractor does the following:
1. Act as the Competent Person
 2. Provide Input to Daily Task/Work Planning Meeting
 3. Interface with FRA Construction Coordinator on all safety matters;
 4. Prepare and submit Hazard Analyses including revisions and updates;
 5. Review and accept sub-tier safety plans and hazard analyses;
 6. Assure that all sub-tier contractors have accepted the ES&H Plan;
 7. Update the ES&H Plan as required;
 8. Maintain a list of Competent and Qualified Persons;
 9. Assure that Hazard Analyses are understood and signed by all workers;
 10. Inspect work in progress;
 11. Identify and reports and corrects deficiencies;
 12. Assure that personal protective equipment is available;
 13. Conducts tool box meetings;
 14. Maintain all safety records including minutes, training records, inspections, etc.
 15. Maintain safety related signage;
 16. Assure that equipment inspections are performed;
 17. Attend weekly construction meetings;
 18. Coordinate permit applications with FRA Construction Coordinator;
 19. Investigates all incidents.
- D. The Subcontractor's Safety Representative or the alternate shall be present at all meetings between the Subcontractor and FRA at which changes in construction methodology are discussed. The Subcontractor's Safety Representative shall approve these changes.
- E. Drug and Alcohol-Free Work Place - All personnel of the subcontractor, sub-subcontractors, and sub-tiers are prohibited from being under the influence of alcohol, or being under the influence, or engaging in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of, controlled and restricted substances while on duty. Controlled substances include those listed in Schedules I - V of the

Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. § 812 and related federal regulations, 21C.F.R. §§ 1308.11-1308.15, as amended from time-to-time.

- F. After damage to property or environment release by the subcontractor or sub tier contractor associated personnel are subject to drug testing and results shall be submitted to the FRA Construction Coordinator.

1.15 IDENTIFICATION BADGING

- A. The Subcontractor employees and sub-tier sub-subcontractors working on site will be required to obtain an FRA identification badging number and a SURF access identification badge, in order to access the job site.
 1. The FRA Construction Coordinator will assist in the process of identification badging;
 2. The Subcontractor and sub-tiers should submit FRA ID Application Form, 24-hours prior to accessing job site to the FRA Construction Coordinator;
 3. Once identification badges are obtained, they shall be available at all times while on and entering the SURF site; and
 4. Deliveries, incidentals, and escorted work activities under eight (8) hours are exempted from the badging requirement.

1.16 TRAINING

- A. All Subcontractors and sub-tiers working at SURF shall attend Surface and Underground Orientation training, as appropriate. Each orientation class is approximately half-hour conducted weekdays at 7:30 a.m. Scheduling of orientation training is through the ES&H Coordinator. The orientation and badging efforts require approximately two (2) hours.
- B. All Subcontractors and sub-tiers will be required to participant in a site-specific walk-through of the subcontract work areas. This site-specific walk-through will take approximately one (1) hour.
- C. For underground work, the Subcontractor will designate, at a minimum, one individual for each work level to receive expanded underground (Guide) training. This training will take approximately three (3) days for a total of twenty-four (24) hours.

1.17 WASTE DISPOSAL/RECYCLING

- A. No trash burning, dumping, or disposal is permitted on SURF or Fermilab leased property. Disposal of all other trash and waste materials generated during the performance of this subcontract shall be the responsibility of the Subcontractor and must be performed in compliance with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.
- B. The governing statutes include, but are not limited to, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, the Toxic Substances Control Act, the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, the South Dakota Environmental Protection Act/Solid and Special Waste Management Regulations, and the laws and regulations of any other

state receiving regulated waste material generated during the performance of this Subcontract.

- C. Off-site disposal of recycled materials, trash, debris, demolished material, pallets, crates, packing materials, rubbish and all waste material shall be the responsibility of the Subcontractor. The goal for recycling construction and demolition waste is 80% based on weight, excluding metals restricted in Section **010010**.
- D. The Subcontractor shall furnish all necessary dumpsters or containers to prevent dispersion of debris both within and outside of the construction site.
- E. Approved Recycling:
 - 1. The Subcontractor shall utilize a recycling waste hauler, obtain a report on percentage recycled by weight from the vendor and submit the report to the FRA Construction Coordinator;
 - 2. The minimum amount of recycled material is 50% as measured by weight excluding metals restricted by above in paragraph B.
 - 3. The Subcontractor shall submit a report that details the percentage, by weight, of recycled materials.
- F. Regulated Waste:
 - 1. Where regulated waste is generated, the Subcontractor shall immediately notify the FRA Construction Coordinator; and
 - 2. Unless specified above in paragraph B, all regulated waste shall be disposed of per federal, state, and local regulations.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 PERMITS

- A. The Subcontractor shall obtain all necessary municipality permits as required. All SURF required permits will be identified to the Subcontractor by the FRA and will arrange for all necessary permits at no cost to the Subcontractor.
- B. No work activity shall be performed without the required permits.
- C. Activities requiring permits include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Blasting;
 - 2. Excavation;
 - 3. Electrical work;
 - 4. Hot Work (Burning/Welding & Spark Producing);
 - 5. Modification to drinking water, sanitary sewer systems or Industrial Cooling Water;
 - 6. Radioactive sources on site;
 - 7. Moving government or SURF property off site.
- D. The Subcontractor shall comply with all restrictions or provisions listed on permits.

- E. All requests for permits shall be made a minimum of two (2) working days prior to the need for the permit, except excavation permit.
- F. Confined Space Permit: The minimum acceptable requirements for confined space work at SURF include:
 - 1. The FRA Construction Coordinator shall identify all existing confined work spaces to the Subcontractor;
 - 2. If a Subcontractor is required to enter a permit-required confined space as part of their contract with FRA, the subcontractor shall provide the FRA Construction Coordinator with the following information at the pre-construction meeting or at least five (5) working days prior to entry:
 - a. A written copy of the Subcontractor's confined space entry program;
 - b. Training records for potential entrants, attendants, and entry supervisors;
 - c. Evidence that all air monitoring equipment is properly calibrated within the calibration period specified by the subcontractor's program or manufacturer's instructions. This may be in the form of a calibration log, certification indicator on the instrument, or other means. (It is imperative that the equipment used by the Subcontractor be capable of monitoring for the contaminants associated with the confined space to be entered.
 - 3. It will be the Subcontractor's responsibility to provide all of their own personal protective equipment (PPE), such as lifelines, harnesses, respirators, tripods, ventilators, etc., as specified by the entry permit;
 - 4. In addition to complying with the permit space requirements listed above, each Subcontractor retained to perform permit-required confined space entry operations shall:
 - a. Obtain any available information regarding permit space hazards and entry operations from the FRA Construction Coordinator;
 - b. Coordinate entry operations with FRA, when both FRA personnel and Subcontractor personnel will be working in or near permit spaces;
 - c. Prior to entry, inform the FRA Construction Coordinator of the specific permit space procedures the Subcontractor will follow;
 - d. Inform the FRA Construction Coordinator prior to entering the space;
 - e. Inform the FRA Construction Coordinator of any unanticipated hazards encountered during confined space entry;
 - f. Provide the FRA Construction Coordinator with a copy of the Subcontractor's confined space permit, reclassification form or written certification once the work has been completed.
- G. Hot Work (Burning, Welding, including Spark Producing) Permit:
 - 1. Information concerning the burning/welding permit is listed below:
 - a. The FRA Construction Coordinator will contact the SURF and secure the Hot Work Permit;
 - b. The Subcontractor must arrange for fire watches during burning, welding, or other fire or spark generating work. This fire watch must continue for a minimum of thirty minutes after work is complete;
 - c. It is the Subcontractor's responsibility to furnish the proper number and type of fire extinguishers for any welding, cutting, or brazing activities as specified in the Hot Work Permit;

- d. The extinguishers must be located in clear sight and no farther than 50 feet from the work areas;
- e. All welding shall be in accordance with the requirements of the American Welding Society (AWS) Standard: Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Process (ANSI/ASC Z49.1-94);
- f. UL or FM listed check valves shall be installed on oxygen-fuel torch cutting equipment

3.2 PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING

- A. Preconstruction Meetings may be required for Subcontracts which require bonding. This meeting, chaired by the FRA Procurement Administrator, will typically be held after Subcontract award and before Notice to Proceed is issued.
- B. The Subcontractor's Project Team is expected to attend this meeting.

3.3 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. The following requirements concern Subcontractor reporting requirements:
 - 1. Emergencies: All emergencies occurring at SURF site must be reported immediately following SURF Emergency Response Procedures and delineated in SURF Orientation training. After emergency is stabilized, contact the FRA Construction Coordinator;
 - 2. Non-Emergencies (or All Other Incidents): All incidents, including any injury/illness, any non-emergency incident and near misses must be reported immediately to the FRA Construction Coordinator. FRA shall determine if the incident scene shall be preserved and secured by the Subcontractor to enable FRA, the State of South Dakota, and/or DOE to conduct any necessary investigations. After any necessary emergency response is made, the scene shall be left unchanged and protected until the FRA Construction Coordinator is notified and releases the incident site for work to continue; and
 - 3. Investigation and Reporting: The Subcontractor must investigate all incidents (including near misses). The Subcontractor shall submit, within 24 hours of an incident, a written report of an investigation. The investigation must include root causes, corrective actions and preventive measures.

3.4 SUBCONTRACTOR TRAINING

- A. The following requirements concern Subcontractor training:
 - 1. The Subcontractor shall be responsible for assuring that their employees and sub-tier Subcontractor employees, who do not speak English, understand all ES&H requirements. The Subcontractor must be able to communicate any necessary instructions to those employees;
 - 2. All Subcontractors performing work at SURF shall provide to their employees any necessary ES&H training as may be required by federal/state regulations and as appropriate for their Subcontract activities at SURF.
- B. ES&H training that was provided by the Subcontractor or others and received by Subcontractor employees performing subcontractor activities at SURF shall be maintained on-site and available for review by FRA.

- C. Subcontractors shall maintain on-site and provide to FRA upon request, any and all occupational safety and environmental records. Such records include, but are not limited to, the records required to be maintained by federal/state regulation. Such records include OSHA injury/illness logs, training records, inspection records, safety meetings, and incident investigations. Additional records appropriate for the Subcontractor's activities shall also be maintained and provided to FRA upon request. Examples include but not limited to:
1. Excavation
 2. Scaffolding
 3. Fall Protection
 4. Confined Space
 5. Welding
 6. Crane Inspections
 7. NFPA 70E
 8. Monitoring IH hazards, e.g., silica exposure
 9. Written exposure monitoring program
- D. If the Subcontractor intends to administer first aid or Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR), the Subcontractor must comply with 29 CFR 1926 and have available the list of names of any employee who will administer first aid or CPR, along with current certifications.

3.5 JOB SITE ES&H INSPECTIONS/MEETINGS

- A. After the start of work and throughout the entire work period, the Subcontractor shall monitor and inspect the work area and operations for compliance with the Subcontractor's accepted ES&H Program, and/or Hazard Analysis on a daily basis. The Subcontractor's Project Team is expected to conduct these inspections and correct any deficiencies found.
- B. These inspections shall be documented by the Subcontractor and maintained on-site for the duration of the project. Records shall be available for review upon request by FRA.
- C. The following requirements concern Job Site ES&H meetings:
1. Daily Work Planning Meetings in the form of daily briefings shall be conducted by the Subcontractor Field Superintendent and attended by all sub tier contractors on site that day. The daily planning meeting will discuss the planned work activities, review the applicable hazard analysis, and allow for employee questions and feedback regarding the work activity documented on form found on Attachment B;
 2. Weekly Toolbox Meetings of approximately five (5) minutes duration shall be conducted at the job site by the various area/job foreman or superintendents for their specific crafts. These meetings shall emphasize the current construction operations and provide an opportunity for inspection of tools and personal protective equipment.
- D. The Subcontractor will document the daily and weekly toolbox meetings (date, topic, attendance, etc.) and provide a copy to FRA.

- E. The FRA Construction and ES&H Coordinators will be notified of all job site ES&H meetings and may attend.

3.6 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

- A. 100% eye, head, and foot protection – All construction workers and other personnel on the construction worksite shall wear at all times eye, head, and foot protection that complies with the applicable ANSI Standards. The type of protective eyewear shall be selected as appropriate for the hazard. Gloves shall be worn when handling sharp objects.
- B. The Subcontractor shall furnish personal protective equipment (PPE) as required to reduce employee exposure to hazards when engineering and administrative controls are not feasible or effective in reducing hazard exposures. The minimum acceptable PPE for work on the site are:
 - 1. Hard hats shall be furnished by the Subcontractor and shall be worn in the construction work areas. Personnel working on construction activities or in the field shall also wear hard hats, brim facing forward or full brim style hard hat. Hard hats shall meet the ANSI Z89.1 standard as required by 29 CFR 1926.100 and bear the “Z89.1” designation. High voltage exposure work requires hard hats that meet the ANSI Z89.2 standard and bear the “Z89.2a” designation;
 - 2. Safety glasses with side shields shall be furnished by the Subcontractor and shall be worn in the construction work areas. Eye protection must meet the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.102. Safety glasses shall be ANSI approved and shall be marked with the ANSI “Z87.1” designation;
 - 3. Clothing suitable for the work and weather conditions is required. In construction areas, the minimum shall be short (1/4 length) sleeve shirt, long trousers, and hard sole leatherwork boots providing ankle protection. In addition, any work that presents a greater hazard to the feet or toes requires the use of safety toed or metatarsal guards, meeting ANSI Z41. Canvas, tennis, or deck shoes are not permitted within the construction work area;
 - 4. All personnel working on construction activities shall wear a reflective, high visibility outer garment. When activities require heavy/motor equipment, minimum ANSI Class II visibility outer garments are required.
- C. Underground PPE Requirements
 - 1. In addition to the above requirements found in paragraph B, Hard Hats with cap lamps and self-rescuers shall be provided to all employees.

3.7 FALL PROTECTION

- A. All fall hazards equal to or greater than six (6) feet will have 100% fall protection for all Subcontractor and Sub-tier employees.
- B. Exception: When climbing reinforcing steel walls. Fall protection is not required when climbing vertically; however, when traversing horizontally or performing work on, then 100% fall protection is required.

3.8 ELECTRICAL WORK

- A. The Construction Management Office will determine whether electrical work permit is required, in accordance with Fermilab ES&H Manual Chapters 9110 and 9120.
- B. The following sets forth the minimum acceptable requirements for work on electrical systems.
 - 1. All electrical work shall be performed in accordance with NFPA 70E, Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace;
 - 2. The Subcontractor personnel must be trained in Lockout/Tagout (LOTO) prior to participating in LOTO of hazardous energy sources and working on LOTO systems or equipment;
 - 3. The Subcontractor shall provide ground fault circuit interrupter protection for electric hand-held tools, portable generators, temporary electrical extension cords and other wiring, etc. The assured equipment-grounding program is not an acceptable alternative at SURF.
- C. All electrical tools and equipment brought onto the SURF site shall be Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and shall be used in accordance with their listings.

3.9 OXYGEN DEFICIENT HAZARDS (ODH)

- A. SURF has policies and procedures governing work in ODH areas. The FRA Construction Coordinator will communicate specific requirements and work practices to the Subcontractor.
- B. All Subcontractor and Sub-tier contractor personnel who must enter designated ODH areas must have and display a level of medical fitness acceptable to FRA prior to entering those areas.
- C. FRA will assess the need for ODH training for Subcontractor personnel. If ODH training is necessary FRA will provide the trainer, free of charge.
- D. Oxygen monitoring equipment will be supplied to the Subcontractor personnel, as necessary. The Subcontractor is responsible for returning this equipment upon request or upon completion of the work.
- E. FRA will furnish emergency evacuation breathing equipment. Care, use, and the return of such equipment will be the responsibility of the Subcontractor.

3.10 RADIATION PROTECTION

- A. SURF has policies and procedures governing radiological work. The FRA Construction Coordinator will advise the Subcontractor of the requirements and work practices, if potential for radiation affects the work scope.
- B. Prescribed procedures for material handling and segregation shall be followed explicitly. Potentially radioactive material must be surveyed prior to removal from site. The FRA Construction Coordinator shall coordinate this survey.

- C. The use of industrial radioactive testing sources is subject to monitoring and oversight by FAR and SDSTA based on the following:
1. Nuclear density meters will be inspected at the construction site by Fermilab ES&H personnel. Review for Department of Transportation compliance with survey and inspection requirements will be completed at that time;
 2. When required by specification, Subcontractor use of radiography sources will require five (5) business days' advance notice to the FRA Construction Coordinator. During this time, the Subcontractor shall submit to the FRA Construction Coordinator documentation showing the Subcontractor's Nuclear Regulatory Commission or Agreement State license for the material;
 3. When the source is brought to the SURF site, FRA ES&H Coordinator will meet the subcontractor, escort him/her to the construction site, and monitor the use of the source during the testing activity;
 4. Any work with radiography will occur outside normal business hours.

3.11 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

- A. All work on the SURF site shall comply with all applicable environmental executive orders, laws, regulations, and permits. All Subcontractors and sub-subcontractors shall conduct their activities in an environmentally sound manner that limits the risks to the environment and protects the public health. The following sets forth the minimum acceptable requirements for environmental protection at SURF:
1. Refer to Section 1.12 of this document for the Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control (SESC) requirements for this project;
 2. If required, the Subcontractor shall install all erosion control in accordance with SESC plan prior to the start of excavation activities;
 3. Excavation at or adjacent to streams' tributaries, wetlands, or other surface waters shall be done only after notification to the FRA Construction Coordinator;
 4. The FRA Construction Coordinator will inform the Subcontractor if any wetlands are present in the work area and what protective measures are necessary;
 5. Unexpected environmental impacts shall be immediately reported to the FRA Construction Coordinator and mitigated by the Subcontractor;
 6. Storage of materials, plus maintenance and fueling areas used by the Subcontractor, shall be properly graded and maintained and shall be located a minimum of 100 feet away from a wetland or water body boundary so that adverse effects on the environment are eliminated;
 7. The Subcontractor shall make routine inspections to assure that all motorized equipment is free of leaks of petroleum and other toxic or hazardous materials. The Subcontractor shall keep sufficient cleanup supplies on hand (e.g. oil dry, absorbent booms, etc.) to contain/absorb any spill or leak of fuels, oils, etc. that could potentially leak from their equipment. If a spill or leak should occur, the Subcontractor should immediately take appropriate steps to contain spills, move equipment out of sensitive areas (near wetland or water body) and immediately notify the FRA Construction Coordinator;
 8. At the close of each workday, the Subcontractor's Field Superintendent shall inspect the complete construction site to ensure that all erosion controls, drainage patterns, excavations and staging areas are in environmentally sound condition for the weather conditions anticipated.

3.12 TEMPORARY HEATING DEVICES

- A. Open burning, fire barrels, coal or kerosene type salamanders, or open flame heating devices that have exposed fuel below the flame are not allowed on the SURF site.
- B. Temporary heating devices shall be coordinated through the FRA Construction Coordinator

3.13 SMOKING

- A. All tobacco products and electronic smoking devices are prohibited in all areas on SURF site.

3.14 FUEL STORAGE TANKS

- A. Above ground fuel storage tanks shall be double wall or provided with secondary containment. Location shall be on SURF site shall be coordinated through the FRA Construction Coordinator.
- B. Gasoline or Propane are prohibited in the underground facilities.
- C. Diesel fuel can be transported in approved containers underground for immediate refueling of vehicles.
- D. Fuel tanks mounted on pick-up trucks shall be conform to state and local regulations.
- E. Refueling of equipment while the motor is running is prohibited.
- F. During refueling from truck-mounted fuel tanks or with portable fuel cans, etc., a 10-pound (minimum) A-B-C dry chemical fire extinguisher must be present.
- G. Maintenance and fueling areas used by the Subcontractor shall be properly graded and maintained and shall be located a minimum of 100 feet away from a wetland or water body boundary to avoid adverse effect on the environment.

3.15 EXPLOSIVES

- A. The use of explosives is not permitted without prior written approval of FRA and SDSTA Director's or their designee.
- B. A SURF blasting permit is required. The use of explosives are subject to DOE Standard 1212 and SURF Explosive Safety requirements. The Subcontractor shall coordinate obtaining a blasting permit through FRA Construction Coordinator.

3.16 VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT

- A. The following sets forth the minimum acceptable requirements for vehicles and equipment at FRA job sites:

1. Operators must have an appropriate, valid driver's license when operating vehicles on site. Seat belts are required to be provided and worn for the operators and passengers of all vehicles;
 2. All vehicles and mobile powered equipment, except automobiles and pickup trucks, shall have reverse signal alarms (a.k.a. backup alarms) audible above the surrounding noise level. If backup alarms are not present on the equipment, a spotter (other than the driver of the vehicle) must be present to warn pedestrians and the drivers of other moving equipment;
 3. If required by the equipment manufacturer, roll over protection structures shall be provided;
 4. Personnel lifts must be equipped with audible motion alarms. These alarms must be in operation and audible over the surrounding ambient noise when the lift is in use. Additionally, all lifts require two distinct actions in order to make the lift move in a forward or backward direction or in an upward or downwards direction. A foot pedal is considered one of the actions if independent of the other controls;
 5. The equipment manufacturer must approve any modifications to lifting and hoisting equipment;
 6. All hand and power tools must be checked prior to use on each shift to assure that they are maintained in a safe condition. Any deficiencies shall be repaired, or defective parts replaced, before continued use.
- B. Equipment inspection and modification (The subcontractor shall comply with 29 CFR 1926.600, Subpart O):
1. The Subcontractor must inspect all heavy equipment before use on site, prior to use on each shift, and during use to make sure it is in safe operating condition. Defective equipment shall be removed from service;
 2. The Subcontractor is to assure that regulatory inspection records are complete and up-to-date and that operating manuals are available;
 3. In no case shall the original safety factor of the equipment be reduced.
 4. All tools and equipment brought on site by the Subcontractor are subject to inspection by FRA. Items found to be damaged or out of compliance shall be repaired or immediately removed from service and tagged out of service.

3.17 JOBSITE SAFEGUARDS

- A. Housekeeping shall be maintained on a daily basis. The Subcontractor shall plan, organize, layout, and maintain the worksite area in a manner to insure an environmentally healthful working area.
- B. All areas of the worksite area shall be kept clear of debris, rubbish, and other materials that could cause tripping or falling conditions. The use of caution construction tape, barricades, and signage shall comply with ANSI Z535 series.
- C. The Subcontractor shall be responsible for providing and implementing the necessary precautions to safeguard material and equipment at the project site.
- D. In the event of theft or damage to Subcontractor property, SURF property, and/or Government property, the Subcontractor shall immediately notify SDSTA Security and FRA Construction Coordinator.

3.18 EMERGENCY EGRESS AND SEVERE WEATHER

- A. The following sets forth the minimum acceptable requirements for emergency egress and severe weather protection at SURF:
 - 1. All emergency egress routes shall be kept clear at all times;
 - 2. Severe weather shelter locations and specific evacuation procedures will be provided by the FRA Construction Coordinator;
 - 3. The Subcontractor shall communicate egress routes and severe weather shelter to their employees and all sub-subcontractors.

3.19 WORK COMPLETION AND CLEAN UP

- A. All work and clean-up operations shall be in compliance with the Subcontractor's ES&H Plan.
- B. Requested documentation for all aspects of the ES&H program shall be complete and submitted prior to Subcontract close-out

END OF SECTION

ATTACHMENT A

Daily Work Planning

Project: _____ Work Location: _____
Subcontractor _____ Date: _____

Permits Required

- None
- Penetration Permit
- Excavation Permit
- Confined Space Entry Permit
- Hot Work Permit-Fire (flame or sparks)
- Radiological Work Permit
- Traffic Control Plan
- Hoisting and Rigging Plan
- Electrical Work Plan
- Energy Isolation Plan
- Elevated Surface Work Plan
- Pressure Test Plan
- Other _____
- Other _____

Discussion & Review Checklist

- What activities will be performed today?
- Are there any modified or different activities or equipment being used today?
- Do all workers have adequate PPE for working on the site and during their individual activities?
- Have high-hazard activities been identified and evaluated and have controls been established?
- Has relevant information from the HA(s) been included in today's work plan and discussion?
- Do all workers understand the safety expectations, including stop work?
- Is the construction area organized and free of trip hazards and debris?
- Have all work activities been identified and coordinated between all Sub-subcontractors?
- Will weather conditions impact safety or any work being performed today?
- Are there any hazardous waste containers or bins needed for today's work?
- Are all required permits and plans submitted and approved for today's work?
- Is access by non-construction personnel to all construction areas controlled?
- Are all workers qualified for the tasks that they will perform today?
- Have first aid and emergency resources / procedures been identified?
- Do all workers understand the entire scope of work that will be performed on site today?
- Other: _____
- Other _____

Required Inspections

- Excavation / shoring inspection
- Heavy equipment inspection
- Fall protection
- Scaffolding
- Rigging
- Other _____
- Other _____

Notes:

ATTACHMENT B



Hazard Analysis Cover Sheet

Job Title _____

Job Location _____

Subcontract/Work Order/Release # _____

<u>Subcontractor or Sub-tier</u>	<u>FRA</u>
Company _____	Project Eng/C.M. _____
Project Manager _____	Phone _____
Phone _____	TM/CC/SC _____
ESH Rep. _____	Phone _____
Phone _____	ES&H Rep. _____
	Phone _____

Description of Work: _____



Prepared by (print & sign): _____

Date _____

Accepted by (print & sign): _____

Date _____

	Yes	No
Does this task impact other Divisions or work groups? <i>If yes, how are they notified?</i> _____		
Do site utilities need to be shut down & locked out? <i>If yes, attach lockout/tagout plan.</i>		
Is a J.U.L.I.E. (utility locate) required prior to the start of work?		

PPE & RISK HAZARD ASSESSMENT – Activities that include the following PPE or risks may require safety planning & training documentation beyond what can be completed in the Hazard Analysis/Pre-Task Plan

<input type="checkbox"/> Fall exposures >4 feet (>6 for construction)*	<input type="checkbox"/> Excavations >4 feet	<input type="checkbox"/> Confined space entry*
<input type="checkbox"/> Energized electrical work (requires LOTO or EWP)*	<input type="checkbox"/> Welding/Cutting/Brazing (req. permit/fire watch)*	<input type="checkbox"/> Overexertion or Repetition
<input type="checkbox"/> Lockout/Tagout (LOTO) activities*	<input type="checkbox"/> Welding on stainless steel*	<input type="checkbox"/> General Demolition
<input type="checkbox"/> High pressure air/fluids*	<input type="checkbox"/> Rotating equipment	<input type="checkbox"/> Ergonomic issues
<input type="checkbox"/> Ladder use	<input type="checkbox"/> Working above others	<input type="checkbox"/> High noise levels
<input type="checkbox"/> Scaffold erection*	<input type="checkbox"/> Traffic controls	<input type="checkbox"/> Potential oxygen deficiency*
<input type="checkbox"/> Scaffold Use	<input type="checkbox"/> Fork lift operations*	<input type="checkbox"/> Ionizing Radiation/Radioactive Material*
<input type="checkbox"/> Lead Work*	<input type="checkbox"/> Aerial boom lift*	<input type="checkbox"/> Nonionizing Radiation (e.g. Lasers, RF)*
<input type="checkbox"/> Chemical use (attach Safety Data Sheet)	<input type="checkbox"/> Waste generation	<input type="checkbox"/> Critical crane lift(s)*
<input type="checkbox"/> Air emissions (including equipment/generators)	<input type="checkbox"/> Discharges to sanitary system	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandblasting
<input type="checkbox"/> Potential impact to storm water	<input type="checkbox"/> Use of refrigerants	<input type="checkbox"/> Steel erection
<input type="checkbox"/> Potential spill to the environment		<input type="checkbox"/> Work within 10' of overhead utilities
<input type="checkbox"/> Heavy equipment operation (e.g. crane, boom lift, excavator, etc.)*		<input type="checkbox"/> Structural demolition
<input type="checkbox"/> Potential silica exposure(s) (concrete/asphalt cutting, drilling, etc.)*		<input type="checkbox"/> _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Installation of underground power – temporary or permanent		<input type="checkbox"/> _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Biological hazards (e.g. Animal/Insect Bites/Stings, Mold, etc.)		<input type="checkbox"/> _____
<u>PPE & CONTROLS REQUIRED In Bold</u>		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hardhat	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Safety glasses	<input type="checkbox"/> Welding goggles/helmet
<input type="checkbox"/> Bump cap	<input type="checkbox"/> Safety goggles – chemical	<input type="checkbox"/> Arm – cut protection
<input type="checkbox"/> Steel-toed boots	<input type="checkbox"/> Safety goggles – impact/face shield	<input type="checkbox"/> Leg – cut protection
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Steel-toed shoes	<input type="checkbox"/> Hearing protection	<input type="checkbox"/> Whole body – electrical
<input type="checkbox"/> Gloves – leather	<input type="checkbox"/> Fall Protection _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Whole body – Dust, chemical, heat
<input type="checkbox"/> Gloves – chemical _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Respirators (air purifying), cartridge type: _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Danger tape & signage
<input type="checkbox"/> Gloves – electrical	<input type="checkbox"/> Respirators – supplied air	<input type="checkbox"/> Barricades – solid
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High visibility clothing	<input type="checkbox"/> Site dust control	<input type="checkbox"/> Barricades – soft (caution tape)
<input type="checkbox"/> Soil/erosion control	<input type="checkbox"/> Underground- cap lamp & self-rescuer	<input type="checkbox"/> _____
<input type="checkbox"/> _____		<input type="checkbox"/> _____

*Denotes Training and/or Competent and/or Qualified Person(s) required

